

African Union, African Regional Bodies

Resolutions on e-Parliament, e-Government and Information and Communication on Technology (ICT) development

Legislation as at 23 October 2014

FRBR URI: /akn/aa-au/statement/resolution/pap/2014/3-5-3/eng@2014-10-23

There may have been updates since this file was created.

PDF created on 21 February 2024 at 15:23.

Check for updates



About this collection

The legislation in this collection has been reproduced as it was originally printed in the Government Gazette, with improved formatting and with minor typographical errors corrected. All amendments have been applied directly to the text and annotated. A scan of the original gazette of each piece of legislation (including amendments) is available for reference.

This is a free download from the Laws. Africa Legislation Commons, a collection of African legislation that is digitised by Laws. Africa and made available for free.

www.laws.africa info@laws.africa

There is no copyright on the legislative content of this document.

This PDF copy is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License (CC BY 4.0). Share widely and freely.

Resolutions on e-Parliament, e-Government and Information and Communication on Technology (ICT) development

Contents

Paragraph 1	1
Paragraph 2	1
Paragraph 3	1
Paragraph 4	1
Paragraph 5	1
Paragraph 6	1
Paragraph 7	1
Paragraph 8	1
Paragraph 9	1

African Union

Resolutions on e-Parliament, e-Government and Information and Communication on Technology (ICT) development

Published on 23 October 2014

Commenced

[This is the version of this document from 23 October 2014.]

CONCERNED that the future of the world is to be determined by the levels of ICT in countries;

NOTING that the African continent is still lagging behind in the development of ICT;

CONSCIOUS of ICT's contribution towards a more prosperous future for the African people;

CONSIDERING that development of ICT in Parliament and in Governance constitute the foundation of the future development of any Nation;

UNDERSCORING the need for African Members States to take immediate measures in order to implement the use of ICT in their structures;

The Pan-African Parliament decides that:

- 1. E-Parliament and E-Government should be user friendly;
- 2. Stakeholders in African countries should be assured that e-Parliament is not a luxury but a necessity;
- 3. PAP should be a model of e-Parliament;
- 4. An e-Parliament and e-Government workshop be organised for all members of PAP and the Secretariat in 2015:
 - Uniform procedures on use of ICT should be promoted
- 5. Web casting within Parliament should be promoted
- 6. Parliaments should share experiences and best practices
- 7. Stakeholders should be sensitized on e-Africa and its advantages
- 8. Staff in African Parliaments should undergo further training in ICT
- 9. Create a network of ICT within Parliaments through which exchanges on successes, challenges and needs can be exchanged.

Midrand, 23 October 2014.